Material Safety Data Sheet Antimony Trioxide

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION	
1.1 Identification of Substance:	Antimony Trioxide Sb ₂ O ₃
1.2 Company Identification:	
Company name;	NIHON SEIKO CO., LTD.
Address;	3-2 SHIMOMIYABI-CHO SHINJUKU-KU
	TOKYO 162-0822 JAPAN
Charge section;	NIHON SEIKO CO., LTD. SALES SECTION
Phone number;	TEL +81-3-3235-0031
	FAX +81-3-5261-7335
Emergency phone number;	NIHON SEIKO CO., LID. NAVASE DEEINEDV
	OUALITY ASSURANCE SECTION
	TEL +81-79-667-2121
E-mail;	mail@nihonseiko.co.jp
1.2 Decommended user	Elama ratardant additivas. Diamanta
1.5 Recommended use,	Polyester polymerization catalysts
	decolorizing and finding agent of optical
	lenses, Variable resistors.
2. HAZARDS INDENTIFICATION	Suspected of causing cancer
2.1 The most important nazard and effect.	Suspected of causing cancel.
2.2 GHS Classification:	
Physical Hazard;	Not classified (Out of category)
Health Hazards	
Acute Toxicity (Oral);	Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal);	Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation : steam);	Not classified
Skin Corrosion/Irritation;	Category 3
Serous Eyes Damage/Eye Irritation;	Not classified
Respiratory Sensitization;	Not classified
Skin Sensitization; Germ Cell Mutagenicity:	Not classified
Carcinogenicity:	Category 2
Reproductive Toxicology:	Not classified
Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure);	Not classified
Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure);	Not classified
Aspiration Toxicity;	Not classified
Environmental Hazards	
Acute aquatic toxicity;	Not classified
Chronic aquatic toxicity;	Not classified
2.3 GHS Label:	
Pictogram or Symbols:	
(Based on GHS classification standard assigned	
by Japanese government as of this moment.)	
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Signal words;	Warning					
Hazard statements;	Causes mild skin irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.					
Precautionary statements						
Prevention;	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.					
	Do not inhale dust.					
	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.					
	Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves, respiratory and eye/face protection.					
	Wash affected areas with soap and plenty of water after handling.					
Response;	Immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.					
	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and let him blow nose and gargle.					
	IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water.					
	IF SWALLOWED: Drink plenty of water and induce vomiting.					
	Take to a physician.					
3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIEN	TS ^{4,5}					
3.1 Distinction of single substance or mixture:	Single substance					
3.2 Chemical Composition:	Antimony Trioxide					
3.3 Chemical formula:	Sb ₂ O ₃					
3.4 Component and its content:	Each Sb_2O_3 grades of purity and impurity content. (last page)					
3.5 Impurity and its content:	Each Sb_2O_3 grades of purity and impurity content. (last page)					

3.6 CAS number:

3.7 EINECS number:

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES ^{(2),3),4),6}	
4.1 Skin Contact:	Remove contamination clothing immediately. Wash affected area with soap and copious amount of water. Get medical attention.
4.2 Eye Contact:	Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention.
4.3 Inhalation of dust:	Move affected person to flesh air. Get medical attention.
4.4 Ingestion:	Drink plenty of water and induce vomiting. Take to a physician.

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215-175-0

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5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES ^{2,3,4,5}	
5.1 Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Especially no restriction about the extinguishing media. Prevent spreading fire by using water, the powder, and the carbon dioxide fire extinguisher.
5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:	This product doesn't ignite.
5.3 Special protective actions for Fire-Fighters:	Move the product to safe place promptly when it is a fire in the surrounding. Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not work in leeward.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES 2.3,5	
6.1 Personal Precautions:	Do not inhale dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear dust mask and goggles.
6.2 Environmental Precautions:	Dispose of material in accordance with all federal, State and Local regulations. Burial an approved waste landfill is recommended.
6.3 Methods of Cleaning Up:	Vacuum or sweep all spilled material without creating dust and place in closed plastic bags for disposal.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE 2,3,4,5	
7.1 Precautions during Handling:	Avoid contact with eyes and skin.
	Handling in well-ventilated dry area.
	Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place.
	Do not inhale vapors or mists. Do not eat. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling and take a shower at end of work. Shift wear clean clothing daily. Do not dispose to rivers.
7.2 Storage:	Store in well-ventilated dry area. Do not store in bear conditions avoid inadequate and mislabeled packing.
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTEC	STION ^{3,5}
8.1 Control concentration:	NA
8.2 Exposure control limits / Effect of over exposure:	TLV-TWA Sb_2O_3 (handling and use) Expressed as $Sb : 0.5mg/m^3$, Antimony and Compound Handling and Use. Inhalation can cause irritation to the respiratory tract and mucous membrane.
8.3 Special Protective Measures: Respiratory;	Good local exhaust ventilation. Wear suitable particle filter mask.
Hands;	Wear gloves.
Eyes; Skin;	Wear goggles. Wear overalls.
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9.1 Appearance (Physical state):	
Color; Odour;	White Powder None
9.2 Boiling Point:	1,425℃
9.3 Melting Point:	656℃
9.4 Flash Point:	NA
9.5 Vapor pressure:	5mmHg (625°C)
9.6 Volatility:	NA
9.7 Combustibility:	NA
9.8 Reaction/Explosion:	NA
9.9 Specific gravity	5.2 (20°C)
9.10 Solubility in water ^{\mathcal{T}} :	1.86mg/l (20~25°C)
9.11 Others (Soluble):	Hydrochloric acid, Tartaric acid, Acetic acid.
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY [©]	
10.1 Chemical stability:	Sublimes at 656°C
10.2 Possibility of hazardous reaction:	Reaction with Hydrogen release antimony hydride (Stibine). Strong acids and basis.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
11.1Acute toxicity ^{(®,(®),(®),(®)} :	LD ₅₀ (Rat-oral) 34,600mg/kg
11.2 Skin corrosion/irritation ^{(5),(6)} :	Causes mild skin irritation. Can cause dermatitis or similar skin irritation during prolonged contact. This can increase in hot or humid weather.
11.3 Serious eye damage/irritation ¹¹ :	No eye irritation to rabbit according to OECD guideline.
 11.3 Serious eye damage/irritation^{1/2}: 11.4 Respiratory or skin sensitization⁽³⁾: 	No eye irritation to rabbit according to OECD guideline. No eye irritation according to OECD guideline test on guinea pig.
 11.3 Serious eye damage/irritation⁽¹⁾: 11.4 Respiratory or skin sensitization⁽³⁾: 11.5 Germ cell mutagenicity⁽⁴⁾: 	No eye irritation to rabbit according to OECD guideline. No eye irritation according to OECD guideline test on guinea pig. No germ cell mutagenicity at micronucleus test and chromosomal aberration test after 21 days repeated exposure on rat marrow. Suspected of causing cancer.
 11.3 Serious eye damage/irritation⁽¹⁾: 11.4 Respiratory or skin sensitization⁽³⁾: 11.5 Germ cell mutagenicity⁽⁴⁾: 11.6 Carcinogenicity^{(4),(5),(6)}: 	No eye irritation to rabbit according to OECD guideline. No eye irritation according to OECD guideline test on guinea pig. No germ cell mutagenicity at micronucleus test and chromosomal aberration test after 21 days repeated exposure on rat marrow. Suspected of causing cancer.
 11.3 Serious eye damage/irritation⁽¹⁾: 11.4 Respiratory or skin sensitization⁽³⁾: 11.5 Germ cell mutagenicity⁽¹⁾: 11.6 Carcinogenicity^{(1),(5),(6)}: IARC; 	 No eye irritation to rabbit according to OECD guideline. No eye irritation according to OECD guideline test on guinea pig. No germ cell mutagenicity at micronucleus test and chromosomal aberration test after 21 days repeated exposure on rat marrow. Suspected of causing cancer. Group 2B It can be carcinogenic for the human body.

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ACGIH;	Manufacturing process A2: There may be cause for concern as a carcinogen for the human body.				
EPA;	Not classified as carcinogen				
NTP;	Not classified as carcinogen				
Japan Association on Industrial Health;	Category 2B: Provably has carcinogenicity on human but evidence is not sufficient.				
Reproductive Toxicology [®] ;	No fetal toxicity or teratogen by Antimony Trioxide at the in vivo test of rat inhalation development test.				
Target Organ Toxicity(Single Exposure) ^{(9,(1),(6)} ;	No toxicity has been observed at recent oral and inhalation test during exposure or after exposure.				
Target Organ Toxicity(Repeated Exposure);	Respiratory problem is suspected by repeated exposure to extremely high concentration. No toxicity exists under modern work place where condition is controlled with latest dust eliminator or protector.				
Aspiration Toxicity;	Not applicable				
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION ^(B)					
12.1 Remain/Dissolve:	Not applicable				
12.2 Accumulation:	Not classifiable				
12.3 Ecology Toxicity (Fish toxicity):	Not applicable				
12.4 Mobility in the soil:	Not classifiable				
12.5 Acute aquatic toxicity: Chronic aquatic toxicity:	Technical committee of classification and labelling of ECB concluded this substance doesn't need to be classified as toxic after consideration of all the toxicity and solubility data				

X Superior figures in toxicological information and ecological information refers to reference document No.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS ^{(3),(4),(5)}	
13.1 Waste disposal:	Landfill subject to local regulation
13.2 Disposal of Packaging:	Landfill or incineration.
14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION (4,6)	

14.1 No special precautions are required.

14.2 UN number:

Not applicable

UN regulation : The special provision SP45 is applicable to the UN number 1549 (Hazard class6.1 and packaging group III). It means that antimony sulfides and oxides, which contain not more than 0.5% of arsenic calculated on the total weight, are not subject to these regulations.



15. REGULATORY INFORMATION (4,5)

15.1 Follow regulation and law of each country or region.							
16. OTH	ER INFORMATION						
16.1 Tre	atment of stated contents:	The contents of this information sheet are based on the data, information available at moments, and may be revised by additional data coming up in future.					
		The precautions mentioned in this sheet are intended for normal use of this material, when use in unusual manner, the proper safety method is required.					
		Read this MSDS before use the ingredients. Keep this MSDS in your file for your timely reference. The contents of this information sheet are not warranted and the company can accept no liability to any customer or any other person.					
16.2 Rei	ferences:						
1) 2)	Comment of International Antimony Oxide In Kaitei zouhonban dokugeki kijyun kankei tuu (vakumukouhousva, kouseisvou vakumukvok	ndustry Association (January 11,2007) utisyu u anzenka hen)					
3	Saishin dokugekibutsutoriatsukainotebiki (jijitsuushinnsya, kouseisyou yakumukyoku anzenka hen)						
4	14705 no kagakusyouhin (kagakukougyounippousya)						
5	Kagakubusshitukanrisokushinhou taisyoubusl (kagakukougyounippousya)	hitsuzendeta					
6	Kyoyounoudoteianriyuusyu (nihonsangyoueiseigakkai hen tyuouroudousa	igaiboushikyoukai)					
\bigcirc	Screening and acute transformation/dissolutionstudy No WE-14-018	on test with Sb2O3 in ecotox media LISEC					
8	Industrial Bio-Test Laboratories, Inc., IBT No.	o.A2297 Dec.(1972)					
9	LPT Laboratory of Pharmacology and Toxico LPT Report No.19226/05.January 24,2005	logy KG Acute inhalation toxicity study of antimony					
10	de Bie et al., 2005 TNO Chemistry, unpublished report Biodistribution study of ATO in the rats						
	Lournal of Applied Toxicology 19:205-209,1999 Hext,P.M.,P.J.Pinto and B.A.Rimmel Subchronic feeding study of antimony trioxide in rats						
12	LPT Laboratory of Pharmacology and Toxicology KG LPT Report No.19227/05.October 12,2005 「Acute eye irritation/corrosion test of antimony						
13	LPT Laboratory of Pharmacology and Toxico LPT Report No.19228/05.October 14,2005	logy KG Examination of antimony trioxide in a skin					
<u>(</u>]	sensitization test in guineapigs Mutation Research 627(2007)119-128 David Kirkland, James Whitwell, James Deyc Failure of antimony trioxide to induce micro bone-marrow after sub-chronic dosing	o, Tessa Serex onuclei or chromosomal aberrations in rat					
(15)	Newton et al Fundamental and Applied Toxi	icology 22: 561-576(1994)					

Newton et al., Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 22: 561-576(1994) Subchronic and chronic inhalation toxicity of antimony trioxide in the rats

16.3 Revision:		
Revision No.	Issue date	Comment
No.01	July. 1996	New issue.
No.02	Oct. 2003	Register in the quality standard.
No.03	Apr. 2006	Addition of the special provision of UN regulation.
No.04	Nov. 2008	Revision to comply with GHS.
No.05	May. 2009	Revision to words and phrases.

Each Sb_2O_3 grades of purity and impurity content. (unit : %)

	PATOX-									AT	OX-			
Item	C CZ	CE	M MF MZ MK	K KF	KS	U	Н	HS HSS	P L	CF	GS	UF UFX SUF	В	G
Sb_2O_3	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.6	99.6	99.8	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.9	99.9	99.99	99.6	99.6
As	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.01	6ppm	10ppm	0.03	0.03
Pb	0.003	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.03	0.01	0.002	0.001	0.04	0.009	1ppm	10ppm	0.06	0.08

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